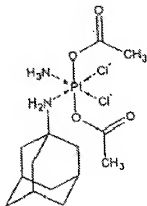


IN THE CLAIMS:

Claim 1 (currently amended): A pharmaceutical composition containing (OC-6-43)-bis(acetato)-(1-adamantylamine)-amine-dichloroplatinic platinum complex of formula (II) as an active substance



in a mixture with at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient wherein it is formed of a granulate with particles smaller than 0.5 mm in size prepared by wet granulation of a mixture of platinum complex of tetravalent platinum of formula (II) wetted by water, at least one neutral saccharide and at least one native and/or modified polysaccharide, wherein said pharmaceutical composition is in a form selected from the group consisting of contained in a capsule, contained in a sack, and pressed into a tablet form.

Claim 2 (previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1, wherein it is formed of the granulate prepared by wet granulation of the mixture of

platinum complex of formula (II), at least one neutral saccharide at an amount equal to at least 5% by weight and at least one native and/or modified polysaccharide at an amount equal to at least 2% by weight, related always to the total weight of the granulate.

Claim 3 (previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1, wherein it contains at least one pharmaceutically acceptable releasing agent and/or at least one pharmaceutically acceptable slipping substance.

Claim 4 (canceled).

Claim 5 (previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1, wherein the mixture intended for wet granulation contains lactose, mannitol, sorbitol, fructose, glucose and/or saccharose as the neutral saccharide.

Claim 6 (previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1, wherein the mixture intended for wet granulation contains maize, wheat and/or potato starch as the native and/or modified polysaccharide.

Claim 7 (canceled).

Claim 8 (previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1, wherein the surface of the granulate, the capsule or the tablet is coated with a layer

of at least one pharmaceutically acceptable substance enabling enterosolvent dissolution of the active substance in bowels only, and/or with a layer of at least one pharmaceutically acceptable substance enabling controlled release of the active substance.

Claim 9 (previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 8, wherein the surface of the granulate or the tablet is separated from the layer of at least one pharmaceutically acceptable substance enabling enterosolvent dissolution of the active substance in bowels only and/or from the layer of at least one pharmaceutically acceptable substance enabling the controlled release of the active substance with an inert closing layer consisting of at least one neutral saccharide, for example saccharose, and/or with at least one native and/or modified polysaccharide, for example native or modified maize, wheat or potato starch or gelatine or gum arabic, while the weight of the inert closing layer does not exceed 15% by weight, related to the total weight of the granulate or the tablet.

Claim 10 (previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 8, wherein the layer of at least one pharmaceutically acceptable substance enabling the controlled release of the active substance is formed of ethyl cellulose and/or methacrylic acid and/or its compounds, advantageously polymers and/or copolymers of methacrylic acid, while the weight of the said layer is equal to not more than 40% by weight, related to the weight of the granulate, the capsule or the tablet.

Claim 11 (previously presented): The pharmaceutical composition according claim 8, wherein the layer of at least one pharmaceutically acceptable substance enabling enterosolvent dissolution of the active substance in bowels only is formed of cellulose acetate and/or cellulose acetyl phthalate and/or cellulose acetosuccinate and/or hydroxypropylmethylcellulose phthalate and/or hydroxypropylmethylcellulose succinate and/or polyvinyl alcohol phthalate and/or benzophenyl salicylate and/or styrene copolymer with maleic acid and/or shellac and/or methacrylic acid and/or its compounds, advantageously polymers or copolymers of methacrylic acid while the weight of the said layer is equal to not more than 15% by weight, related to the weight of the granulate, the capsule or the tablet.

Claim 12 (previously presented): A method of manufacturing of the pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1, wherein the mixture of platinum complex of formula (II) wetted by water, at least one neutral saccharide and at least one native and/or modified polysaccharide is granulated under wet conditions to obtain granulate consisting of particles smaller than 0.5 mm in size.

Claim 13 (previously presented): The method according to claim 12, wherein the wet granulation is performed to obtain the granulate having such distribution of sizes of particles that 90% of them are smaller than 2.0 mm in size and not more than 20% of the particles are smaller than 0.09 mm in size.

Claim 14 (previously presented): The method according to claim 13, wherein the

wet granulation is performed in equipment, the surfaces of which, coming into contact with the granulated mixture are inert to said mixture.

Claim 15 (previously presented): The method according to claim 12, wherein the granulate is filled into a capsule or a sack or, after at least one releasing agent and/or at least one slipping agent is added to the granulate, pressed into tablets.

Claim 16 (previously presented): The method according to claim 15, wherein filling into capsules and sacks and tablet-making is performed in equipment, the surfaces of which, coming into contact with the mixture filled into capsules or sacks or with the mixture intended for tablet-making are inert to said mixture.

Claim 17 (previously presented): The method according to claim 12, wherein the granulate surface, the surface of the granulate to be filled into the sack, the tablet surface and the surface of the granulate to be filled into the capsule and/or the surface of the capsule mentioned are coated with a layer of at least one pharmaceutically acceptable substance enabling enterosolvent dissolution of the active substance in bowels only and/or a layer of at least one pharmaceutically acceptable substance enabling the controlled release of the active substance.

Claim 18 (previously presented): The method according to claim 17, wherein the granulate surface, the surface of the granulate to be filled into the sack, the surface of the granulate to be filled into the capsule and the surface of a tablet, before being coated with

the layer of at least one pharmaceutically acceptable substance enabling enterosolvent dissolution of the active substance in bowels only and/or the layer of at least one pharmaceutically acceptable substance enabling the controlled release of the active substance, are provided with an inert closing layer formed of at least one neutral saccharide, for example saccharose, and/or at least one native and/or modified polysaccharide, for example native or modified maize, wheat or potato starch or gelatine or gum arabic.

Claim 19 (previously presented): The method according to claim 18, wherein coating of the granulate and the tablets with the inert closing layer, the layer of at least one pharmaceutically acceptable substance enabling enterosolvent dissolution of the active substance in bowels only or the layer of at least one pharmaceutically acceptable substance enabling the controlled release of the active substance is performed in equipment, the surfaces of which, coming into contact with the granulate or the tablets are previously coated with a material forming the inert closing layer.

Claims 20-25 (canceled).